



# Delegation Booklet



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# **ABOUT ASUNCION**

# 1.1 Information about Asunción-Paraguay.

Paraguay was discovered in 1524 by the Spanish advance, Alejo García, forming the "Giant Province of the Indies". Between the discovery and subsequent operations, the best known names at that time were Sebastián Gaboto, Pedro de Mendoza, Alvar Núñez Cabeza de Vaca, Juan de Salazar de Espinoza, Juan de Ayolas, Domingo Martínez de Irala and others who had gravitant performance in the founding forts and towns and began, in alliance with indigenous communities, a process of social conformation marked by the strength of the conquerors and the evangelizing action of the Catholic Church. The first missionaries were from the order of San Francisco de Asís, then came the priests of the Society of Jesus, the Jesuits, both evangelizers left a cultural legacy of great importance for Paraguay.

Spanish rule came to an end in 1811 with the May 14 revolution, when a group of patriots decided to coin an independent and sovereign country. Paraguay is a Social State of Law with a democratic regime, whose government is exercised by three powers: Executive, Legislative and Judicial. The territory is divided into 17 departments governed by a governor, a departmental board, and each district has a local government headed by a municipal mayor.

Multiculturalism makes Paraguay a peculiar and different country, in continuous evolution. With autochthonous populations of five linguistic families, Guaraní prevailing, with the presence of immigrants from various countries of the world, they contributed to the first Spanish-Guaraní mixture, an extraordinary richness in cultural manifestations.





Asunción, capital of the country, was founded on August 15, 1537, by Juan de Salazar y Espinoza, which makes it one of the oldest cities in South America. Also known as Mother of Cities, since at the time of the conquest numerous expeditions departed from there to found other cities, it is settled on an undulating terrain identified by its seven hills which are the following:

- Loma Kavará, the foundational area of Asunción
- Loma San Jerónimo: where formerly there was a hermitage dedicated to said saint.
- Loma Clavel: where the Marine Infantry barracks is currently located.
- Loma Cachinga: where the Hospital de Clínicas is currently located.
- Loma del Mangrullo: where the "Carlos Antonio López Park" is currently located.
- Loma de la Encarnación: where the Church of the Incarnation is currently located.
- Loma de las Piedras de Santa Catalina, where the «Antequera Staircase» is currently located

It was awarded in 2015 "Green Capital of Latin America" for the varied vegetation of its streets and gardens, the beauty of its colonial buildings with imposing structures worthy of a great metropolis.

On the tour of the city you can visit the entire Historic Center of the City, most of the buildings and historic mansions are located in the Center, this extends parallel to the bay, between the Plaza Uruguaya and the port.

A perfect place for recreation is the Bay of Asunción on the banks of the Paraguay River, there are two cannons used during the War of the Triple Alliance. In addition, at the back of the Palacio de los López there is a viewpoint from which you can see, on the one hand, the horizon made up of modern buildings, and on the other, the exuberant nature that surrounds the bay. There are also picturesque boats that depart every day from the "Montevideo Port and Beach", which are destined for the town of Chaco-í, where there is an imposing view of Asunción.

One of the architectural emblems is the Palacio de los López, its construction began at the end of 1860. When looking at it from above, it recalls a "U" shape. Its main facade is treated with imposing superimposed galleries that overlook the Bay of Asunción. It has a large cube-shaped tower, topped by four turrets. The bombing of the Brazilian squad brought down one of them during the War against the Triple Alliance. The palace was built to be the residence of President Marshal Francisco Solano López, who never got to occupy it. Today it is the seat of the Executive Power.

A trip back in time is to enter the Manzana de la Rivera, it brings together nine houses built at different times. The oldest, Casa Viola, dates from the 18th century (1750-1758), it is a colonial construction that corresponds to





the city before the dictator Rodríguez de Francia. The Castelvi House was built in 1804, it shows a typical colonial construction system, it was restored in 1995; since 1996 it has functioned as a Museum of the Memory of the City.

If you want to see the cradle of our revolution, a point that you should visit is the Casa de la Independencia Museum. The house was built in 1772. It was owned by the brothers Pedro Pablo and Sebastián Antonio Martínez Sáenz; they gave it up for the secret meetings that led to the Revolution of Independence of May 14 and 15, 1811. This house treasures pieces of incalculable historical value.

The formal cradle of art is our Ignacio A. Pane Municipal Theater. It began as the National Theater at the time of its construction in 1886. In 1939 it became the Municipal Theater. Restoration work began in 1997 and it was restored and inaugurated in 2006. This theater presents an extensive cultural program throughout the year (theaters, concerts, ballet, etc.).

A beautiful work of art of architecture is the National Pantheon of Heroes. It began to be built in 1836 by order of Marshal Francisco Solano López, to be a chapel dedicated to the Virgin of the Assumption, Patroness of Asunción and Marshal of his armies. It was inaugurated in 1936, depositing the remains of Marshal López and other heroes there of the homeland, thus becoming the Pantheon of Heroes.

Asunción Cabildo Museum: neoclassical style building. This was the first major public work of the 19th century, built under the government of Carlos Antonio López. For many decades it was the seat of the Legislative Power. Since May 2004 it has one of the most important museums in Paraguay. It has five rooms, a library, a conference room and a multipurpose room.

The most important centers of religious worship in the historical sphere are the Metropolitan Cathedral of Asunción, the Church of the Encarnación and the Church of the Holy Trinity.

The Cathedral was the first diocese of the Río de la Plata, built by order of Don Carlos Antonio López and inaugurated in 1845. It is dedicated to the Virgin of the Assumption. It has a main altar covered in silver.

The Church of the Incarnation began in 1893, when the cornerstone of the new Temple of the Incarnation was laid, after a voracious fire totally destroyed the old church located in Loma Cavará. It has a Renaissance design, this temple is one of the largest in Asunción.

The Church of the Holy Trinity: it was built in 1854, under the order of President Carlos Antonio López.89 The Italian Alejandro Ravizza was in charge of its design and construction. The building has a beautiful facade and classical paintings on the ceiling.





The envy of all South America was the Carlos Antonio López Railroad. It was inaugurated in 1861. Paraguay was one of the first countries in South America with a railroad for passenger transport. It was built during the government of Carlos Antonio López, you can see the "Sapukái" locomotive, one of the first in the Río de la Plata. Currently it is a historical museum with representative samples of the railway history of Paraguay, it should be noted that it no longer works as a train station.

One of the icons in the center is the Antequera Stairs. The monument was erected in homage to the Comuneros. Taking advantage of the slopes of the hill, the staircase that goes down to Antequera street was built, the work of the then Municipal Mayor, Architect Miguel Ángel Alfaro. At the top of the column was placed the sculpture called La Victoria, by the Italian sculptor Luis Perlotti. The monument and the staircase were built under the direction of the architect Alfaro, by the Italian builder Carlos Pozzi and They were inaugurated on August 15, 1928, when the Presidential Assumption of Doctor José Patricio Guggiari was celebrated.

Oriented for healthy recreation, in Costanera de Asunción: you will find a family space, for a meeting of friends, to observe beautiful sunsets and enjoy the landscape of the city. You can rent bicycles, go-karts, rollers, etc. for your walks. There will also be a linear park.

You cannot miss visiting the Botanical Garden and Zoo of Asunción, which is one of the main green lungs of the city, since it has more than 110 hectares of natural forest. The zoo is home to almost seventy species of wild animals including birds, mammals and reptiles. Most of them represent the South American fauna.

The bars and restaurants move the nightlife with musical shows, where the exquisite gastronomy and spirits are added to the delight to cool off on the warm Asuncena nights.

On weekends, gastronomic and leisure venues fill the central streets with music and attractions. A concoction that appeases the heat and some delicious accompaniments to enjoy the afternoons asuncenas.



# 1.2 World Artistic Skating Asunción 2021

- Disciplines: 8
- Competition venues: Stadium ARENA SND and Paraguayan
  Olympic Committee Sports Center
- Competition days: 10
- Opening ceremony: October 2
- Closing ceremony: October 9

# 1.3 International Airport: Silvio Pettirossi-Luque.

INTERNATIONAL ACCESS Direct Flights: São paulo (BRA) Buenos Aires (ARG) Montevideo (URU) Santiago (CHI) Lima (PER) Panama (PAN) Miami (USA) Madrid (ESP)







# 1.4 Currency

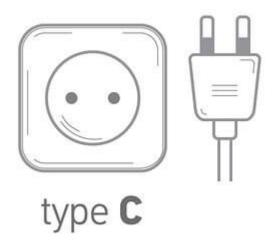
The official currency of Paraguay is the GUARANI (Gs).

# 1.5 Language

The official languages of Paraguay are Guaraní and Spanish, in general, most are expressed in a mixture of both languages (Jopará)

# **1.6 Electricity**

In Paraguay the common voltage is 220V. The frequency is 50Hz. The plugs and sockets are type C. It is recommended to bring an adapter.







# 1.7 Hotels recommended by the organization of the ASWC ASU 2021

ZONE	CATEGORY	HOTELS	ADDRESS	Distance to SND
AVIADORES	5*	HOTEL DAZZLER	Avenida Aviadores del Chaco, Asunción	5,1 Km
AVIADORES	4*	HOTEL ESPLENDOR	Av. Avenida Aviadores del Chaco 2822, Asunción	6,2 Km
AVIADORES	3*	HOLIDAY INN AVIADORES	Avenida Aviadores del Chaco 2935/55	8,9 Km
AVIADORES	3 turist	IBIS ASUNCION	Avenida Aviadores del Chaco 2060	5.2 Km
AVIADORES	3*	PARAMANTA	Avenida Aviadores del Chaco 3198	6,5 Km
AVIADORES	5*	SHERATON	Avenida Aviadores del Chaco 2066	5,2 Km
AVIADORES	3 turist	PORTAL DEL SOL	Denis Roa 1455	3,7 Km
CENTRO	4*	CROWNE PLAZA ASUNCION	Calle Cerro Cora 939 Con, Estados Unidos	6,9 Km
CENTRO	3*	HOTEL CECILIA	Estados Unidos 341, Asunción	6,8 Km
CENTRO	4*	GUARANI ASUNCION	Calle Oliva esquina Independencia Nacional	7,5 Km
CENTRO	5*	PALMAROGA	Palma 853 en Palma 853 entre Montevideo y Ayolas	9,7 Km
CONMEBOL	5*	BOURBON CONMEBOL	Avenida Sudamericana 3104, Asunción	11,7 Km
VILLA MORRA	4*	FIVE HOTEL BY ROCHESTER	Dr. Francisco Morra 295 esq., Asunción	3,8 Km
VILLA MORRA	4*	HUB HOTEL ASUNCION	Eulogio Estigarribia esquina Tte. Rodolfo Zotti.	3,5 Km
LAMBARE	5*	RESORT YACHT Y GOLF CLUB	Paseo del Yacht y Golf Club, Lambaré	10.8 Km

#### 1.7. 1 Detail of Hotel costs by zones

#### BASIC PACKAGE

Accommodation with breakfast and regular rotary transfers included.

It includes:





- Accommodation with breakfast included
- Rotating transfers during the competition

#### Additional:

Arrival and departure shuttles

#### Shuttle cost per person USD 42.00.

\*\*\* Food with full board to be confirmed according to the choice of the hotel to be booked \*\*\*

\*\*\* does not include transfer fees \*\*

#### 1.7.1 Hotel Dazzler

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single room	46	USD 135
Double twin	240	USD 61
Triple twin	87	USD 56
Total beds		373

#### 1.7.2 Hotel Esplendor

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single room	30	USD 135
Double twin	100	USD61
Triple twin	81	USD 56
quadruple twin	16	USD 53
Total beds		227

#### 1.7.3 Ibis Asuncion Hotel

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single room	5	USD 75
Double twin	40	USD 35
Total beds		45





# 1.7.4 Hotel Holiday Inn Asuncion

9. Hotel Holiday Inn Asuncion			
Type of room	Number of beds Cost per person per night		
Single room	5	USD 74	
Double twin	30	USD 51	
Total beds		35	

#### 1.7.5 Hotel Paramanta

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	5	USD 116
Double twin	30	USD 49
Triple twin	f15	USD 47
Total beds		50

#### 1.7.6 Hotel Palma Roga

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	10	USD 129
Double twin	40	USD 84
Triple twin	15	USD 74
Total beds		65

#### 1.7. 7 Hotel Guarani

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	5	USD 68
Double twin	30	USD 47
Triple twin	15	USD 45
Total beds		50





#### 1.7.8 Hotel Cecilia

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	5	USD 82
Double twin	40	USD 51
Triple twin	15	USD 45
Totall of beds	60	

#### 1.7.9 Hotel Crowne Plaza

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	2	USD 84
Double twin	30	USD 51
Triple twin	15	USD 45
Total beds		47

#### 1.7.10 Hotel Bourbon Conmebol

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
SINGLE	10	USD 118
DOUBLE TWIN	130	USD 67
TOTAL, OF BEDS		140

#### 1.7.11 Hotel Five Asuncion by Rochester

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	10	USD 109
Double twin	50	USD 65
Total beds	60	

#### 1.7.12 Sheraton Hotel

Type of room	Number of beds	Cost per person per night
Single	45	USD 136
Double twin	90	USD 87
Total beds	135	





NOTE: Those staying in twin rooms are considered a close contact and, in the case that one of them tests positive, the roommate has to self-isolate and will be considered out of the competition regardless of his/her Covid test result.

# **1.8 Transportation**

The transport routes that consider round-trip transfers in the rotating service will be the following:

- Official hotels Accreditation and Uniform Center (if necessary).
- Official hotels opening and closing ceremonies.
- Official hotels venues / hotels where technical meetings and / or official weigh-ins are held.
- Official hotels competition venues
- Official hotels training venues.



Accommodation and transportation contacts: contrataciones@vacaciones.com.py





#### **1.9 Medical Insurance**

#### Basic Combo: USD 100

- Start 09/29/2021 End: 10/04/2021 (6 days)
- Medical assistance for accident or non-pre-existing illness (Including COVID-19) ➡ \$ 35,000
- Prescription Drugs **➡ 750 USD**
- Compensation for loss of luggage on regular airline (Complementary) = 500USD
- Professional Sports ➡ 20,000 USD
- Medical rounds ➡ Included
- Covid-19 Home Diagnostic Test ➡ Up to 3

#### Combo Full: USD 155

- Start 09/29/2021 End: 10/09/2021 (11 days)
- Coverage detail:
  - Medical assistance for accident or non-pre-existing illness (Including Covid-19) ➡ \$ 35,000
  - Prescription Drugs ➡ 750 USD
  - Compensation for loss of luggage on a regular line (Complementary)
    500 USD
  - Professional sports ➡ 20,000 USD
  - Medical rounds ➡ Included
  - Covid-19 Diagnostic Test at home ➡ Up to 5
  - Hotel expenses in case of positive Covid-19 ➡ Included

#### **Emergency numbers EURO ASSISTANCE**

- Communicate directly or collectively at (\* 5411) 4814-9051
- Whatsapp at +549 11 3314 2044
- Mail: operations@europ-assistance.com.ar

#### **Insurance Contact**

lorena@europ-assitancepy.com



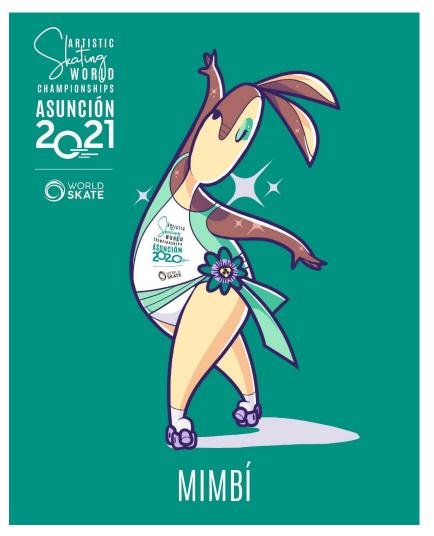


#### COVID-19 TEST.

• The antigenic Covid-19 tests will be provided every 48 hours throughout the entire duration of the event".

The samples will be taken at the SND Arena / Official Hotels

#### 1.10 Our Event Mascot



Mimbi means bright in the Guarani language and is the name of our mascot.

She is the representative of our skaters who are also brilliant beings who captivate with their pirouettes.





Mimbi is a "tattoo ball" from Paraguay, who loves figure skating, as in fact by nature she loves to spin while on the move with her morning chores.

She has a shell that protects her from all falls, so she is not afraid to jump into challenges, she is very sociable and loves to travel.

Lively, quick and enterprising by nature. She loves working in a team and what she can do alone makes her exceptionally perfect.

She comes from the north of Paraguay, where she faced the danger of extinction due to deforestation, drought, fires and indiscriminate hunting, which made her resilient, tolerant and a defender of all animals in danger of extinction just like her.

Mimbi, represents the strength that resides in beings of unthinkable, small, indigenous and diverse origins.

She will be our partner throughout the World Figure Skating Championship, Asunción 2021.

#### About the Tatú Bolita

The armadillo or commonly called Tatú Bolita in Paraguay is a native mammal of Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia and Paraguay, it is the only type of armadillo that as a defense method can become a perfect ball, it feeds on ants and termites. Previously it was commonly seen in the Paraguayan Chaco which is located 518 km from the country's capital, Asunción.

This little animal is in danger of extinction so, from the World Figure Skating World Championship, we feel the mission of commemorating it with our mascot "Mimbi", making a call to the whole world about the importance of caring for our unique species from our region.

#### 1.11 CONTACT US!

For any further information our official contacts of the Organization as follow: -president@asuartistic2021.org -secretary@asuartistic2021.org -projectmanager@asuartistic2021.org -operations@asuartistic2021.org

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